RESEARCH / THE FIELD LAB











STEP 1: Identify the problem

- > What is the problem?
- > Who has a problem?
- > Why is it a problem?
- > What is the impact of this problem?
- > What do we know about the problem?
- > What are solutions for this problem?
- > What do we know about this solutions?





And what do we don't know?????



STEP 1: Identify the problem: EXAMPLE

COVID-19 among students Role of handhygiene Communication tools









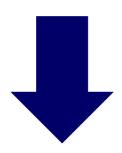


STEP 1 Research aim and research question

> What is your research aim?

Example:

Improving handhygiene among students





> What is your research question?

Which communication tools may improve handhygiene among students?







STEP 2: Design research study

- > Methods:
 - Literature review
 - Questionnaire

Example: hygiene questionnaire at school

> Interviews

Example: interviews with the target population

> Expert opinion

Example: ask experienced researchers if it is a good idea

> Experiment





Research





Step 2: Design research study





Research population?

Example: Students at University of Applied Sciences Rotterdam

Other questions:

How many?

How to reach them?

Study procedures?







STEP 4: Carry out research















STEP 4: Analysis Research Results







50% of all respondents liked posters at school the best 20% information at social media 30% information in lessons









STEP 5: Publishing research results

- ➤ Make clear what you have done: every step!
- > Show your results!





Example:

Recommendations for the University and a prototype of a poster



STEP 5: Publishing research results

AND/ OR

DO IT AGAIN!!!

Example:

Develop a poster about handhygiene for students and check if it works



Questions

- 1. We would like to test different materials to protect against virusses. How can we do that?
- 2. We would like people to use our prevention method. How?
- 3. We would like to develop a prevention method for children? How?







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